Prudential Indicators Q3 2023/24

The Councils measure and manage capital expenditure and borrowing with reference to the following indicators.

It is now a requirement of the CIPFA Prudential Code that these are reported on a quarterly basis.

<u>Capital Expenditure</u>: The Councils have undertaken and are planning capital expenditure as summarised below. These figures have been updated for the carry forwards approved by the Cabinets on 10 and 11 July.

Babergh District Council	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
	Actual	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast
		Outturn		
	£m	£m	£m	£m
General Fund	F 70	0.07	0.70	13.60
General Fund	5.73	8.97	9.79	13.60
Council Housing (HRA)	11.49	10.38	13.66	14.28

The main areas of General Fund spending are £6.9m for assets and investments (which includes £5.5m Babergh Growth, £1m CIL funded grants and £0.2m A1071 roadside commercial workspace development), £0.8m for general fund housing (which is disabled facilities grants) and £0.6m economic development, (of which £0.4m relates to Belle Vue).

There is a small decrease from Q2 to the General Fund Q3 Forecast for 2023/24 which reflects the likelihood of delivering schemes in line with their delivery programmes. Some schemes such as £1.9m A1071 Roadside Development, £1.5m Belle Vue and £1m for the Leisure Centre Renewals (Kingfisher & Hadleigh) and use of the Strategic Investment Fund £2.8m are now being forecast for 2025/26 as they are still in their design and procurement stages or have been held due to increased borrowing costs and Cabinets approval.

HRA capital expenditure is recorded separately, and the forecast includes £2.7m for new builds and acquisitions, £4.4m for planned maintenance and £2.3m for other maintenance. The decrease since Q2 is that some of the new build schemes have been delayed and have been reprofiled into future years (£0.6m) and £5m is no longer required.

Mid Suffolk District Council	2022/23 Actual	2023/24 Forecast Outturn		2025/26 Forecast
	£m	£m	£m	£m
General Fund	12.32	8.46	24.62	18.67
Council Housing (HRA)	21.96	22.57	19.55	12.04
Total Capital Expenditure	34.28	31.03	44.16	30.71

The main areas of General Fund spending are £5.5m for assets and investments, £0.8m for general fund housing (of which £0.7m is disabled facilities grants) and £0.3m for operations, £0.2m of which relates to EV charging points.

The decrease from Q2 in the General Fund to Q3 Forecast for 2023/24 is largely due to robust monitoring of the Capital Programme and ensuring that scheme budgets are in line with their delivery programmes. Some schemes such as £1.5m leisure centre renewals and £6.7m for Mid Suffolk Growth will be carried forward to 2024/25 and 2025/26, subject to Council approval. The expectation that the £10.75m budgeted for Gateway 14 would be spent is no longer required.

HRA capital expenditure is recorded separately, and the forecast includes £16.9m for new builds and acquisitions, £2.8m for planned maintenance and £1.9m for other maintenance. The decrease since Q2 is that some of the new build schemes have been delayed and have been reprofiled into future years as they are still in the early stages of development and unlikely to complete the expected phases in 2023/24 and some will no longer go ahead (£24m).

<u>Capital Financing Requirement</u>: The Councils cumulative outstanding amount of debt finance is measured by the capital financing requirement (CFR). This increases with new debt-financed capital expenditure and reduces with MRP repayments and capital receipts used to replace debt.

Babergh District Council	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
	Actual	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast
		Outturn		
	£m	£m	£m	£m
General Fund	75.65	80.50	97.42	
General Fund Council Housing (HRA)			97.42 94.68	108.04 101.60

Mid Suffolk District Council	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	
	Actual	Forecast Outturn		Forecast
	£m	£m		£m
General Fund	85.20	82.66	126.03	132.17
Council Housing (HRA)	105.84	118.58	124.83	131.19
Cumulative Capital Financing Requirement	191.04	201.24	250.85	263.36

Gross Debt and the Capital Financing Requirement:

Statutory guidance is that debt should remain below the capital financing requirement, except in the short term. The Councils have complied and expect to continue to comply with this requirement in the medium term as is shown below.

	31.3.2023	31.3.2024	31.3.2025	31.3.2026	Debt at
Beharah District Council	Actual	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	31st Dec
Babergh District Council		Outturn			
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Outstanding Borrowing (Debt)	(124.84)	(130.01)	(136.66)	(139.60)	(114.28)
Capital Financing Requirement	170.06	175.18	192.09	209.64	
Headroom	45.22	45.17	55.43	70.05	

	31.3.2023	31.3.2024	31.3.2025	31.3.2026	Debt at
Mid Coffells District Coursell	Actual	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	31st Dec
Mid Suffolk District Council		Outturn			
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
General Fund					
Outstanding Borrowing (Debt)	(122.73)	(149.89)	(180.60)	(184.83)	(113.10)
Capital Financing Requirement	191.04	201.24	250.85	263.36	
General Fund Headroom	68.31	51.36	70.26	78.54	

<u>Debt and the Authorised Limit and Operational Boundary</u>: The Councils are legally obliged to set an affordable borrowing limit (also termed the Authorised Limit for external debt) each year. In line with statutory guidance, a lower "operational boundary" is also set as a warning level should debt approach the limit.

	2023/24	2023/24	2023/24	2023/24	
Bahanah Bistoist Carrail	Maximum	Debt at	Authorised	Operational	Complied?
Babergh District Council	debt at Q3	31st Dec	Limit	Boundary	
	£m	£m	£m	£m	
Outstanding Borrowing (Debt)	124.84	114.28	200.00	185.00	Yes

	2023/24	2023/24	2023/24	2023/24	
Mid Suffolk District Council	Maximum debt at Q3	Debt at 31st Dec	Authorised Limit	Operational Boundary	
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Outstanding Borrowing (Debt)	122.73	113.10	248.00	233.00	Yes

Since the operational boundary is a management tool for in-year monitoring it is not significant if the boundary is breached on occasions due to variations in cash flow, and this is not counted as a compliance failure.

<u>Proportion of Financing Costs to Net Revenue Stream</u>: Although capital expenditure is not charged directly to the revenue budget, interest payable on loans and MRP are charged to revenue.

The net annual charge is known as financing costs; this is compared to the net revenue stream i.e. the amount funded from Council Tax, business rates and general government grants.

	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
Babergh District Council	Actual	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast
		Outturn		
General Fund - Financing Costs (£m)	2.00	3.19	4.33	4.05
General Fund - Proportion of Net Revenue Stream (%)	18.29%	25.60%	32.53%	31.63%
HRA - Financing Costs (£m)	2.80	3.30	3.28	3.10
HRA - Proportion of Net Revenue Stream (%)	15.79%	17.37%	15.42%	14.41%
	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
Mid Suffolk District Council	Actual	Forecast	Budget	Budget
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General Fund - Financing Costs (£m)	2.09	3.00	4.18	4.25
General Fund - Proportion of Net Revenue Stream (%)	14.26%	18.70%	24.87%	27.69%
LIDA Financina Costo (Cm)	2.79	4.65	4.85	4.51
HRA - Financing Costs (£m)	2.19	4.03	4.00	7.01